

604

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1                   1.       An isolated nucleic acid sequence encoding a microtubule motor  
2 protein, wherein the protein has the following properties:  
3                   (i) the protein's activity includes plus end-directed microtubule motor activity; and  
4                   (ii) the protein has a tail domain that has greater than 60% amino acid sequence  
5 identity to a TL- $\gamma$  tail domain as measured using a sequence comparison algorithm.

1                   2.       An isolated nucleic acid sequence of claim 1, wherein the protein  
2 specifically binds to polyclonal antibodies to TL- $\gamma$ .

1                   3.       An isolated nucleic acid sequence of claim 1, wherein the nucleic  
2 acid encodes TL- $\gamma$ .

1                   4.       An isolated nucleic acid sequence of claim 1, wherein the nucleic  
2 acid encodes SEQ ID NO:1.

1                   5.       An isolated nucleic acid sequence of claim 1, wherein the nucleic  
2 acid has a nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:2.

1                   6.       An isolated nucleic acid sequence of claim 1, wherein the sequence  
2 comparison algorithm is PILEUP.

1                   7.       An isolated nucleic acid sequence of claim 1, wherein the nucleic  
2 acid is amplified by primers that selectively hybridize under stringent hybridization  
3 conditions to the same sequence as the primer set:

4                   5' ATGTCGGGCGGTGGAAATATC 3' (SEQ ID NO:3)

5                   5' GAATTCCTGCTTCGCTGTTTTCA 3' (SEQ ID NO:4)

*bradens*

1                   8.       An isolated nucleic acid sequence of claim 1, wherein the nucleic  
2 acid has identity to a Tl- $\gamma$  derived from a hyphal fungi.

09235416.012299

67

1                    9.        An isolated nucleic acid sequence of claim 8, wherein the nucleic  
2 acid has identity to a TL- $\gamma$  derived from *Thermomyces lanuginosus*.

1                    10.        An isolated nucleic acid sequence of claim 1, wherein the nucleic  
2 acid selectively hybridizes under stringent hybridization conditions to SEQ ID NO:2.

1                    11.        An expression vector comprising a nucleic acid encoding a  
2 microtubule motor protein, wherein the protein has the following properties:  
3                    (i) the protein's activity includes plus end-directed microtubule motor activity; and ✓  
4                    (ii) the protein has a tail domain that has greater than 60% amino acid sequence  
5 identity to a TL- $\gamma$  tail domain, as measured using a sequence comparison algorithm.

1                    12.        A expression vector of claim 11, wherein the protein specifically  
binds to polyclonal antibodies to TL- $\gamma$ .

1                    13.        A host cell transfected with the vector of claim 11.

1                    14.        An isolated microtubule motor protein, wherein the protein has the  
2 following properties:  
3                    (i) the protein's activity includes plus end-directed microtubule motor activity; and ✓  
4                    (ii) the protein has a tail domain that has greater than 60% amino acid sequence  
5 identity to a TL- $\gamma$  core tail domain as measured using a sequence comparison algorithm.

1                    15.        An isolated protein of claim 14, wherein the protein specifically  
2 binds to polyclonal antibodies to TL- $\gamma$ .

1                    16.        An isolated protein of claim 14, wherein the protein is TL- $\gamma$ .

1                    17.        An isolated protein of claim 14, wherein the protein has an amino  
2 acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:1.

09235416-012299

628

1 18. An isolated protein of claim 14, wherein the protein has identity to  
2 a TL- $\gamma$  derived from a hyphal fungi.

1 19. An isolated protein of claim 18, wherein the protein has identity to  
2 a TL- $\gamma$  derived from *Thermomyces lanuginosus*.

1 20. An isolated protein of claim 14, wherein the protein specifically  
2 binds to polyclonal antibodies generated against a tail domain of TL- $\gamma$ .

1 21. An isolated protein of claim 20, wherein the protein comprises an  
2 amino acid sequence of a TL- $\gamma$  motor domain of SEQ ID NO:1.

1 22. An isolated protein of claim 14, wherein the sequence comparison  
2 algorithm is PILEUP.

1 23. An antibody which specifically binds to TL- $\gamma$ . ✓

1 24. An antibody of claim 23, wherein the antibody specifically binds to  
2 a tail domain of TL- $\gamma$ .

1 25. An antibody of claim 23, wherein the antibody specifically binds to  
2 a motor domain of TL- $\gamma$ .

1 26. An antibody of claim 23, wherein the antibody specifically binds to  
2 a stalk domain of TL- $\gamma$ .

1 27. An antibody of claim 23, wherein the antibody is a humanized  
2 antibody.

1 28. An antibody of claim 23, wherein the antibody is a chimeric  
2 antibody.

662270"9TH5E26 2016-01-22-09

29. A method for diagnosing hyphal fungal infections by detecting the presence of TL- $\gamma$  in a sample, the method comprising the steps of:

- (i) obtaining a biological sample;
- (ii) contacting the biological sample with a TL- $\gamma$  specific reagent that selectively associates with TL- $\gamma$ ; and,
- (iii) detecting the level of TL- $\gamma$  specific reagent that selectively associates with the sample.

30. A method of claim 29, wherein the TL- $\gamma$  specific reagent is selected from the group consisting of: TL- $\gamma$  specific antibodies, TL- $\gamma$  specific oligonucleotide primers, and TL- $\gamma$  nucleic acid probes.

31. A method of claim 29, wherein the sample is from a human.

32. A method of claim 29, wherein the sample is from an animal.

33. A method of claim 29, wherein the TL- $\gamma$  specific reagent is part of a gene or protein array.

34. A method for screening for modulators of TL- $\gamma$ , the method comprising the steps of:

- (i) providing biologically active TL- $\gamma$ , wherein the TL- $\gamma$  has the following properties
  - (a) the protein's activity includes plus end-directed microtubule motor activity; and
  - (b) the protein has a tail domain that has greater than 60% amino acid sequence identity to a TL- $\gamma$  tail domain as measured using a sequence comparison algorithm;
- (ii) contacting biologically active TL- $\gamma$  with a candidate agent in a test and control concentration; and

1 (iii) assaying for the level of TL- $\gamma$  activity, wherein the TL- $\gamma$  activity plus end-  
2 directed microtubule motor activity, <sup>(2)</sup> binding activity or <sup>(3)</sup> ATPase activity, and wherein a  
3 change in activity between the test and control concentration indicates a modulator.

1 35. A method of claim 34, wherein the protein specifically binds to  
polyclonal antibodies to TL- $\gamma$ .

1 36. A method of claim 34, further comprising the step of isolating  
2 biologically active TL- $\gamma$  from a cell sample.

1 37. A method of claim 34, wherein the biologically active TL- $\gamma$  is  
2 recombinant.

1 38. A method of claim 34, wherein the biologically active TL- $\gamma$  has  
2 identity to a TL- $\gamma$  derived from *Thermomyces lanuginosus*.

1 39. A method of claim 34, wherein the candidate agent is selected from  
2 the group consisting of antibodies, proteins, oligonucleotides and small molecules.

1 40. A method of claim 34, wherein the screening occurs in a multi-well  
2 plate as part of a high-throughput screen.

1 41. A method of claim 34, wherein the biologically active TL- $\gamma$   
2 comprises a motor domain having identity to the motor domain of *Thermomyces*  
3 *lanuginosus* TL- $\gamma$ .

1 42. A method of claim 34, wherein the biologically active TL- $\gamma$   
2 comprises an amino acid sequence of a TL- $\gamma$  motor domain of SEQ ID NO:1.

1 43. A kit for screening for modulators of TL- $\gamma$ , the kit comprising;  
2 (i) a container holding biologically active TL- $\gamma$ ; and

1 (ii) instructions for assaying for TL- $\gamma$  activity, wherein the TL- $\gamma$  activity is  
2 plus end-directed microtubule motor activity, bindig activity, or ATPase activity.

1 44. A kit of claim 43, wherein the biologically active TL- $\gamma$  has identity  
2 to a TL- $\gamma$  derived from *Thermomyces lanuginosus*.

1 45. A kit of claim 43, wherein the biologically active TL- $\gamma$  comprises a  
2 motor domain that has identity to the motor domain of *Thermomyces lanuginosus* TL- $\gamma$ .

1 46. A kit of claim 43, wherein the biologically active TL- $\gamma$  is  
2 recombinant.

1 47. In a computer system, a method of screening for mutations of  
2 microtubule motor protein genes, the method comprising the steps of:  
3 (i) entering at least 30 nucleotides of a first nucleic acid sequence encoding a plus  
4 end-directed microtubule motor protein having a nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:2  
5 and conservatively modified versions thereof;  
6 (ii) comparing the first nucleic acid sequence with a second nucleic acid sequence  
7 having substantial identity to the first nucleic acid sequence; and  
8 (iii) identifying nucleotide differences between the first and second nucleic acid  
9 sequences.

1 48. In a computer system, a method for identifying a three-dimensional  
2 structure of microtubule motor proteins, the method comprising the steps of:  
3 (i) entering an amino acid sequence of at least 10 amino acids of a plus  
4 end-directed microtubule motor protein or a nucleotide sequence of at least 30 nucleotides  
5 of a gene encoding the motor protein, the protein having an amino acid sequence of SEQ  
6 ID NO:1 and conservatively modified versions thereof; and  
7 (ii) generating a three-dimensional structure of the protein encoded by the  
8 amino acid sequence.

pg 62

1 49. An isolated nucleic acid comprising a sequence which has greater  
2 than 60% sequence identity with SEQ ID NO:2. ✓

1 50. An isolated nucleic acid comprising a sequence which has greater  
2 than 70% sequence identity with nucleotides 1-1071 of SEQ ID NO:2. ✓

1 51. An isolated nucleic acid comprising a sequence which has greater  
2 than 60% sequence identity with nucleotides 1327-1803 of SEQ ID NO:2. ✓

1 52. An isolated nucleic acid comprising a sequence which has greater  
2 than 60% sequence identity with nucleotides 1804-2352 of SEQ ID NO:2. ✓

1 53. An isolated nucleic acid sequence which hybridizes under stringent  
2 conditions to a complement of SEQ ID NO:2. ✓

1 54. An isolated nucleic acid sequence which hybridizes under stringent  
2 conditions to a complement of nucleotides 1-1071 of SEQ ID NO:2. ✓

1 55. An isolated nucleic acid sequence which hybridizes under stringent  
2 conditions to a complement of nucleotides 1327-1803 of SEQ ID NO:2. ✓

1 56. An isolated nucleic acid sequence which hybridizes under stringent  
2 conditions to a complement of nucleotides 1804-2352 of SEQ ID NO:2. ✓

1 57. A method for identifying sequence changes among homologs  
2 comprising: sequencing the nucleic acid of any one of claims 49-53 and identifying  
3 sequence changes compared to the corresponding sequence of SEQ ID NO:2. ✓

1 58. A method for identifying agents which binds to TL- $\gamma$  or portions  
2 thereof, wherein a portion refers to the stalk, motor, or tail domain of TL- $\gamma$ , comprising:  
3 adding a candidate agent to TL- $\gamma$  or a portion thereof and identifying any agents which  
4 bind thereto. ✓

Add  
C1

0955416-01299